

# Longitudinal Effects of Spatial Training on Spatial and Math Outcomes in Preschoolers

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## Introduction

- Early spatial skills → later spatial and math skills (Mix & Cheng, 2012) and possible achievement in STEM disciplines (Wai, Lubinski, Benbow, & Steiger, 2010)
- Low-income preschoolers have worse spatial skills than middle-income peers (Verdine et al., 2014), however, spatial skills are malleable (Uttal, et al., 2013)
- Benefits of spatial training on spatial skills persists up to 1 mo (Uttal et al., 2013). However, little is known about long-term impact (i.e., >1 mo) of these trainings on spatial and math skills, especially among low-socioeconomic (SES) learners

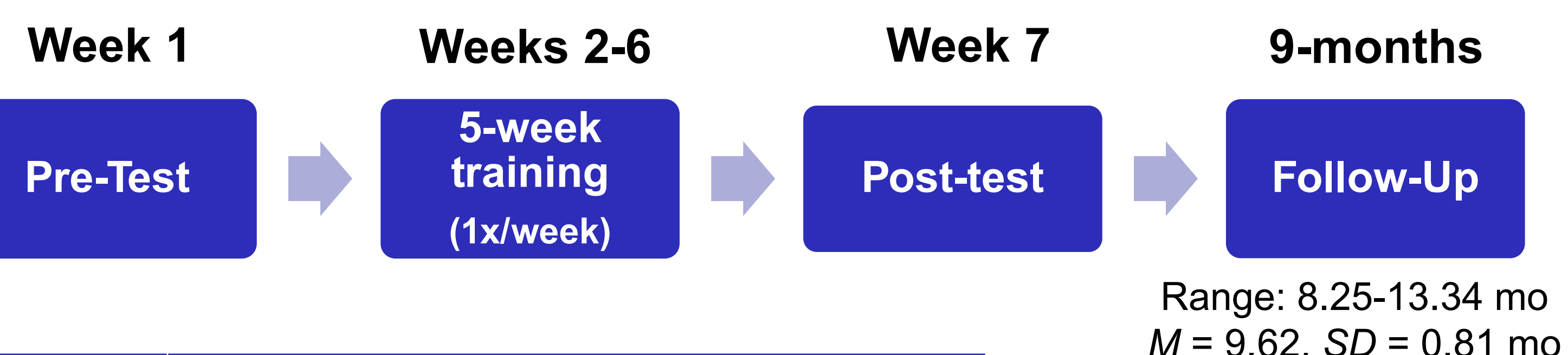
## Research Questions

1. Can spatial training have a long-term impact on preschoolers' spatial and math skills?
2. Will SES moderate the long-term impact of the spatial training on spatial and mathematics achievement?

## Participants

- 84 3-year-olds tested at Head Start and private preschools
- 43 girls,  $M_{age} = 42.65$  mo,  $SD_{age} = 3.37$  mo, 52% Low SES

## Method

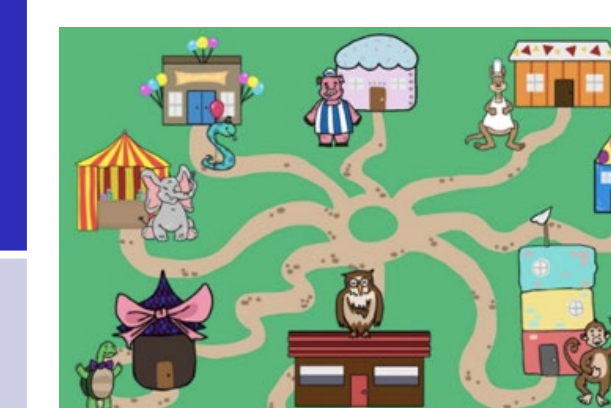


Type	Assessments
Spatial	2D TOSA Trials (Verdine et al., 2017)
Math	Woodcock-Johnson IV: Applied Problems
	TEMA Subset
Vocabulary	Woodcock-Johnson IV: Picture Vocabulary

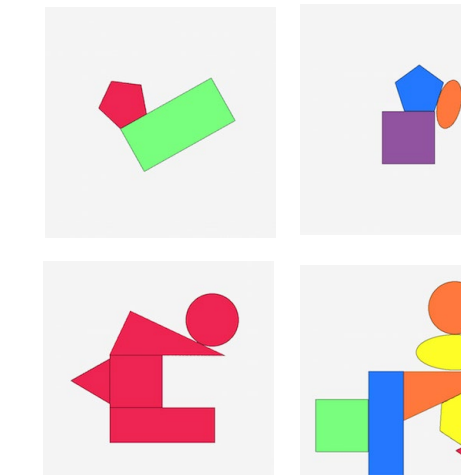
## Intervention

### 2D TOSA Training Conditions Embedded in Birthday Party

	Shape Familiarization	Demo Trial	Training Trials
<b>Spatial Training</b>	Child looks at/traces/hears spatial properties and names of the shapes	E shows/traces/uses spatial terms to describe the correct locations to place shape. Then E asks child to place/trace and place/describe location and place shapes	E fixes incorrect pieces by placing shapes in correct location/tracing correct shape location/naming incorrect shapes and describing correct locations
<b>Control</b>	No training during weeks 2-6		

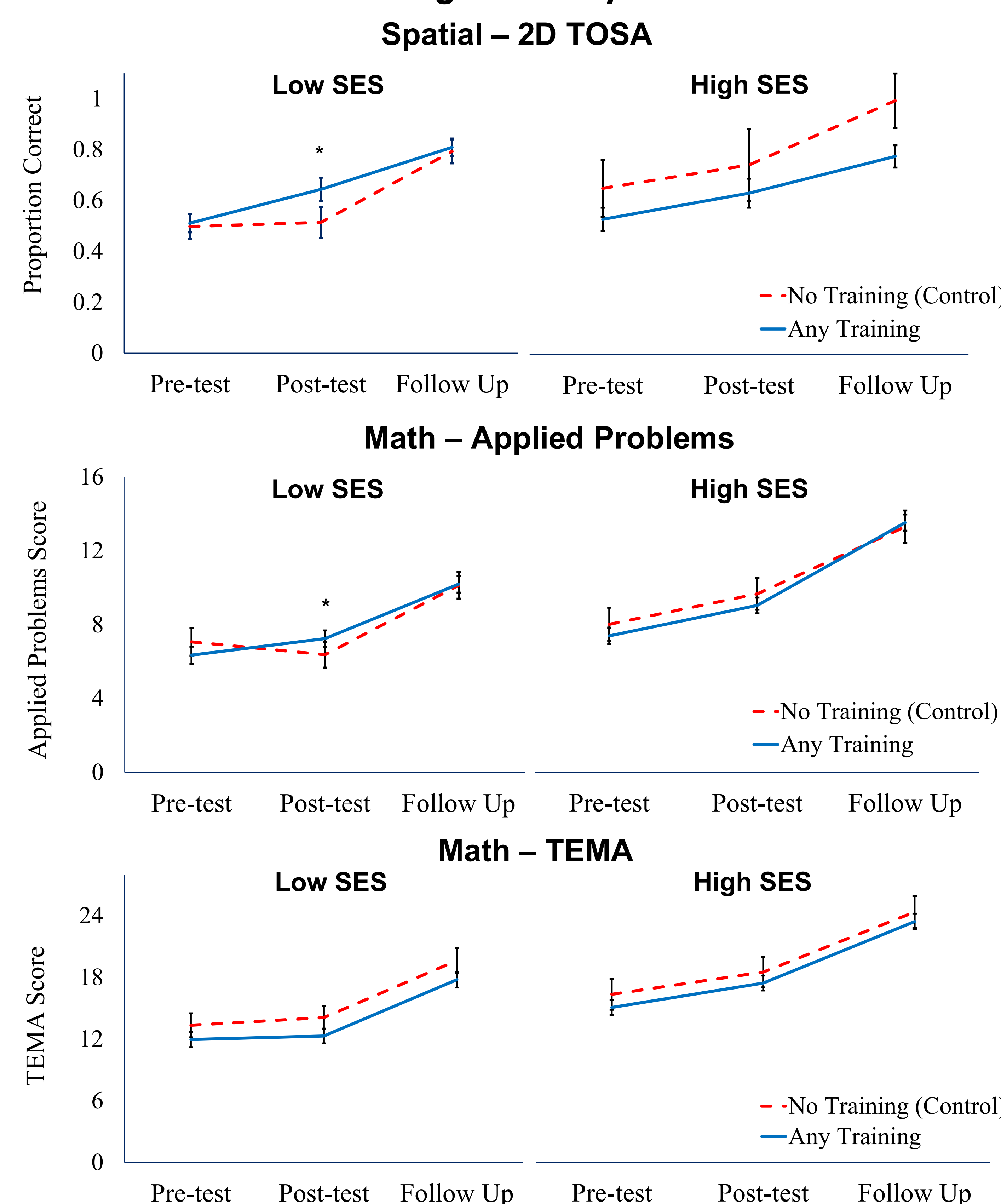


Sample training puzzles



## Results

**Longitudinal training effects? No**  
**Moderation of SES on long-term impact? No**

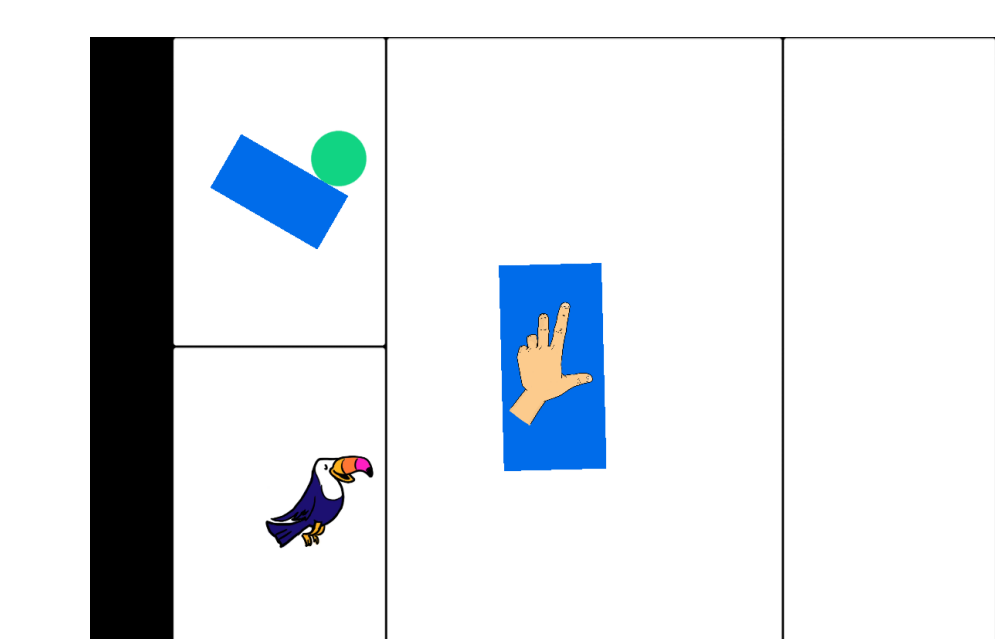


## Discussion

- No long-term impacts of training on children's spatial and math skills with no moderation of SES
- Low-SES children's spatial and math skills benefited from spatial training at immediate post-test, but were not retained 9-mo later
  - Supports malleability of spatial skills (Uttal, et al., 2013), but not long-term durability
- Current training was low-intensity (15 min 1x/week for 5 weeks) so maybe this was not enough 'dosage' for long-term impacts

## Future Directions

- Examine whether digital spatial training with an app has similar immediate posttest effects compared to the concrete spatial training



- Examine training effects on general cognitive processes (e.g., executive function) and other transfer spatial skills
- Identify/understand types and dosage of early spatial skill interventions and their influences on math achievement

## References

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